

- and <u>resources</u> to finish the job
- We have to deliver what we promised.
- It has to be of good quality.



What is a Project?

• A project is:

"A <u>temporary</u> endeavour undertaken to <u>create</u> a <u>unique</u> product or service." (PMI)



• Create:

- We are making something new.
- There are always risks in doing new things.
 - Do we know enough to do it?
 - Will it work?
 - Will things go wrong? (Answer: YES!)
- We need to have a plan before we can work together
 - Will the plan change (Answer: YES!)



What is a Project?

• A project is:

"A <u>temporary</u> endeavour undertaken to <u>create</u> a <u>unique</u> product or service." (PMI)



• Unique:

- This is the first time.
- This is something we haven't done before.
- How do we do it?
 - Maybe we've done things like it?
 - Maybe we can research how others have done it?
 - Maybe we can find people with experience?



The Definition Again...

• A project is:

"A <u>temporary</u> endeavour undertaken to <u>create</u> a <u>unique</u> product or service." (PMI)



QATAR

Standish CHAOS Survey (1995)

- Cost Overruns & % of Responses
 - Under 20% 15.5%
 - 21 50% 31.5%
 - 51 100% 29.6%
 - 101 200% 10.2%
 - 201 400% 8.8%
 - Over 400% 4.4%
 - The average across all companies is 189% of the original cost estimate. The average cost overrun is 178% for large companies, 182% for medium companies, and 214% for small companies.

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QATAR

Standish CHAOS Survey (1995)

- Time Overruns & % of Responses
 - Under 20% 13.9%
 - 21 50% 18.3%
 - 51 100% 20.0%
 - 101 200% 35.5%
 - 201 400% 11.2%
 - Over 400% 1.1%
- The average overrun is 222% of the original time estimate. For large companies, the average is 230%; for medium companies, the average is 202%; and for small companies, the average is 239%.

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Standish CHAOS Survey (1995)

- % of Features/Functions & % of Responses
 - Less Than 25% 4.6%
 - 25 49% 27.2%
 - 50 74% 21.8%
 - 75 99% 39.1%
 - 100% 7.3%
- On average, only 61% of originally specified features and functions were available on these projects. Large companies have the worst record with only 42% of the features and functions in the end product. For medium companies, the percentage is 65%. And for small companies, the percentage is 74%.



Why Do We Do Projects?

- Business always needs to change:
 - Markets change—people want different products and services
 - Prices change—we need to find ways to do the same work at less cost
 - Technology changes—we need to update systems to allow new capabilities.



Projects Must Align to Business Needs

- Businesses create projects to create positive change:
 - Reduce costs
 - Improve service
 - Capture new customers
 - Supply new products or services



Project Portfolios

- A Project Portfolio is a collection of projects.
- Businesses usually have more projects in their portfolio than they have people or time.
- Businesses must pick the projects from the portfolio that will make the biggest positive change to their organization. (Project Selection)



What is it like to be a Project Manager?

- The best PMs have worked for years in their industry.
 - It is hard to be a PM if you don't know the jobs your team members have to do.
 - Different industries have different jobs for PMs.
- PMs must work closely with both their team and their sponsors.



- PMs must be good with software like: MS Word, MS Excel, MS Project.
- PMs must have good written and oral communication skills. They have to explain things and ask lots of questions.



- PMs must be strong and confident. They cannot be shy or quiet. They need to take charge and lead.
- PMs must be polite and respectful. They must like working with people. They should care for the people on their team.